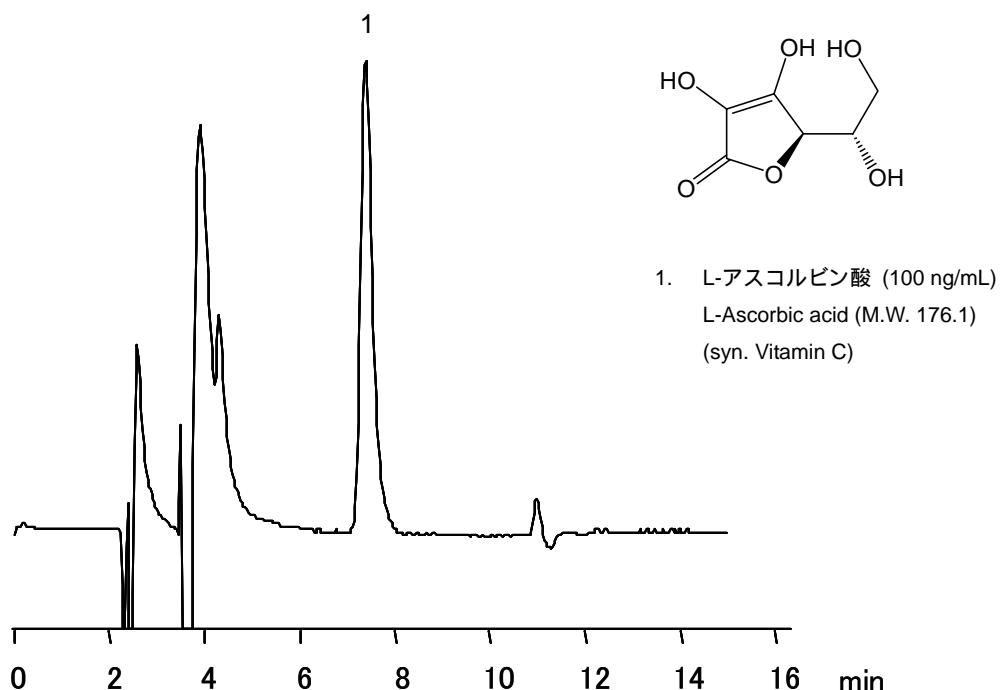


## L-アスコルビン酸（ビタミンC）

## L-Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C)

アスコルビン酸は電気化学活性を持ち、その酸化還元電位は比較的低いため電気化学検出器(ECD)による高感度かつ選択性の高い検出が可能です。通常、ECDでは50~1000 ng/mLの範囲の直線性を示します。

Ascorbic acid is electrochemically active at a relatively low redox potential, and can be detected highly sensitively and selectively with an electrochemical detector (ECD). Generally, ECD shows a linear dynamic range of 50 - 1000 ng/mL for the compound.



### 【HPLC Conditions】

Column	: CAPCELL PAK C <sub>18</sub> MGII S5 ; 1.5 mm i.d. x 250 mm
Mobile phase	: 0.2 mol/L KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (adjusted at pH3 with phosphoric acid), 1 mmol/L Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride, 0.5 mmol/L EDTA
Flow rate	: 100 µL/min
Temperature	: 40 °C
Detection	: ECD 350 mV
Inj. vol.	: 5 µL
Sample dissolved in	: 5 w/v% Metaphosphoric ※ 1 µg/mL = 1 ppm

### 【References】

- 1) Keizo Umegaki, Mika Yoshimura, Mamoru Nishimura, Takatoshi Esashi. *J. Jpn. Soc. Nutr. Food Sci.* **52**, 107-111 (1999).