フェニルアラニン及び関連化合物 Phenylalanine and related compounds

必須アミノ酸の一つである,L-フェニルアラニンは,生体内で L-チロシンとなり,さらに L-ドーパ,ドーパミン,ノルエピネフリン,エピネフリンといった神経伝達ホルモンに 変換されます.CAPCELL CORE ADME S2.7(2.1 mm i.d. x 100 mm)を用いてこれらの化合物を一斉分析した例を示します.(圧力:装置とカラム分を含めて 20.1 MPa)

L-Phenylalanine, one of the essential amino acids, is known to be converted to L-tyrosine *in vivo*, and converted further to neurotransmitters, such as L-dopa, dopamine, norepinephrine, and epinephrine. These compounds were simultaneously analyzed with CAPCELL CORE ADME S2.7 (2.1 mm i.d. x 100 mm). (Pressure: 20.1 MPa across instruments and the column).

1. ノルエピネフリン (100 μg/mL) Norepinephrine (M.W. 169.2)

2. エピネフリン (100 μg/mL) Epinephrine (M.W. 183.2)

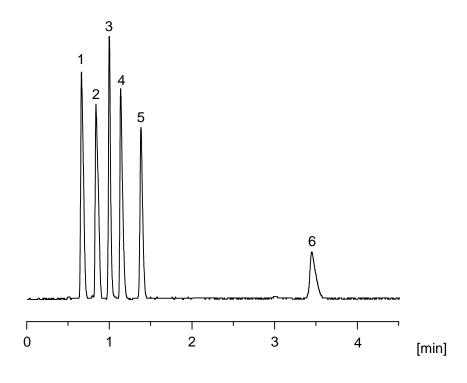
3. L-ドーパ (100 μg/mL) L-DOPA (M.W. 197.2)

4. ドーパミン (100 μg/mL) Dopamine (M.W. 153.2)

5. L-チロシン (100 μg/mL) L-Tyrosine (M.W. 181.2)

$$H_2N$$
 OH

6. L-フェニルアラニン (100 μg/mL) L-Phenylalanine (M.W. 165.2)



【HPLC Conditions】

Column : CAPCELL CORE ADME S2.7 ; 2.1 mm i.d. x 100 mm

Mobile phase : 20 mmol/L HCOONH₄ (adjusted at pH3.0 with HCOOH) / CH₃CN

= 99 / 1

Flow rate : $400 \mu L/min$ Temperature : $40 \,^{\circ}C$ Detection : PDA 254 nm

Inj. vol. : $3 \mu L$

Sample dissolved in : Epinephrine and norepinephrine were separately dissolved in

0.1 vol% formic acid at 1 mg/mL. L-Tyrosine was dissolved in water at 200 μ g/mL. Other compunds were dissolved in the mobile phase at 1 mg/mL. 5 mL of the tyrosine solution and 1 mL of other five solutions were mixed together (totally 10 mL, containing each

compound at 100 µg/mL).