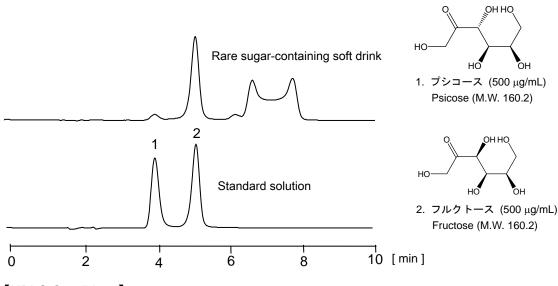
プシコース Psicose

稀少糖のひとつ、プシコースはフルクトースの3位のエピマーにあたります。プシコースとフルクトースはアミノカラム、イオン交換カラムでは分離が困難です。親水性相互作用クロマトグラフィーのカラム、CAPCELL CORE PC S2.7(2.1 mm i.d. x 150 mm)を用いると両エピマーは完全に分離します。標準試料と製品の分析例を示します。検出にはポストカラムにてアルカリ液添加を行い、パルス式電気化学検出器(PAD)を使用しました。

Psicose, or one of the rare sugars, corresponds to an epimer of fructose at the third carbon. While it is difficult to separate them with an amino phase, or an ion-exchanger, CAPCELL CORE PC S2.7 (2.1 mm i.d. x 150 mm), or a column for hydrophilic interaction chromatography (HILIC), could baseline separate them. The following results were obtained by using a standard solution and a product claiming "rare sugar contained". The detector used here was a pulsed amperometric detector (PAD) with post-column addition of basic solution.



## [HPLC Conditions]

Column : CAPCELL CORE PC S2.7 ; 2.1 mm i.d. x 150 mm

Mobile phase :  $H_2O / CH_3CN = 10 / 90$ 

Flow rate : 200  $\mu$ L/min

Reagent : 300 mmol/L NaOH

Flow rate of reagent  $: 300 \mu L/min$ Temperature  $: 60 \degree C$ 

Detection : Pulsed amperometric detector (PAD)

Inj. vol. :  $1 \mu L$ 

Sample dissolved in : 1) The product was diluted one hundred fold with 50% CH<sub>3</sub>CN.

2) The standard solution was prepared with 50% CH<sub>3</sub>CN.

 $\% 1\mu g/mL = 1 ppm$